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Social Cohesion

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## SCP Documentation

*German Social Cohesion Panel*

# SCP 2021/22 W1 Codebook PGEN: Person-Related Status and Generated Variables (English)



### German Social Cohesion Panel

Established in 2021, the German Social Cohesion Panel (SCP) is a wide-ranging representative longitudinal study of private households in Germany, carried out in collaboration of the Research Institute Social Cohesion (RISC) and the German Socio-Economic Panel (SOEP).

The aim of the SCP Documentation is to thoroughly document the survey's data collection and data processing.

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# **SCP Documentation**

*German Social Cohesion Panel*

## **SCP 2021/22 W1 Codebook PGEN: Person-Related Status and Generated Variables (English)**

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## 1 General Information

The PGEN dataset contains user-friendly data on the level of the individual respondents. The data were generated using several sources, most importantly the P dataset. Each person (PID) who participated in the survey in a particular survey wave (WAVE) has one row in the dataset. Variables that were generated based on SOEP logic but with deviating measurement are marked with the suffix “\_scp”.

In some places in the documentation and in the data, year numbers are used, for example, for the names of variables and of the questionnaire instrument. These year numbers are always based on the field start of the data collection of the corresponding survey wave.

Survey variables might be missing, that is, lacking a valid code or value, for different reasons. In the SCP, negative values are not valid for any variable, but are used instead to code different reasons for missing information. There are two possible origins of missing values: the respondent's answer or the survey design. In the first case, the respondent may refuse to answer, not know an answer, report invalid or implausible values, or break off the interview. In the second case, the interview design may exclude respondents with certain characteristics from some questions (e.g., owner-occupiers will not be asked about the amount of rent they pay). The following codes are used:

[-1] No answer

[-2] Does not apply

[-3] Implausible value

[-4] Inadmissible multiple response

[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire

[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering

[-7] Only available in less restricted edition

[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year

[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]

[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]

[-1] No answer – Respondent declines to answer the question. Is assigned if the question is not answered in the paper questionnaire and if “I cannot answer that” is ticked in the online questionnaire. Note that the paper questionnaire does not distinguish between a refusal to answer and a true “don't know” except for a few questions where “don't know” is an additional answer option.

[-2] Does not apply – Information may be missing when a question is not asked because it is not relevant to a specific person, e.g., owner-occupiers will not be asked about the amount of rent they pay. In such cases, the question “does not apply” to this person, and the variable receives a code of “-2”.

[-3] Implausible value – Sometimes invalid answers occur when respondents fill out a paper questionnaire (e.g., working hours over 168 per week, unreadable answers). In such cases the variable is recoded “-3”.

[-4] Inadmissible multiple response – Some questions contain multiple answer options and respondents are asked to pick one answer. In the paper questionnaire respondents sometimes ignore this request and give more than one answer (e.g., “very good” and “good” when asked about their current health status). In such cases the code “-4” is assigned to this variable.

[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire – Respondents receive different questionnaire versions based on their respondent status (anchor person, household member, or new household member) and their mode choice (paper or online questionnaire). Some questions are not part of one or more of these different questionnaire versions. For respondents

who did not receive a question due to their questionnaire version, the variables are coded “-5”.

[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering – Currently not used.

[-7] Only available in less restricted edition – Some variables cannot be made available in the general scientific use file due to data protection regulations. These data can be accessed exclusively at the guest workstation of the RISC research data centre. In the general scientific use file, they are coded “-7”.

[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year – Is assigned if the question is not asked in this particular survey year.

[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI] – Only applicable to respondents who answered the questionnaire online. Is assigned if “I do not want to answer that” is ticked in the online questionnaire.

[-10] Break-off [only CAWI] – Only applicable to respondents who answered the questionnaire online. Is assigned if respondents were not asked this question because they broke off the online questionnaire before completing it.

## 2 Identifiers

**pid** – Never Changing Person ID

---

2110000301	2
2110000302	1
2110000901	2
2110000902	2
2110001001	1
2110001201	1
2110001601	2
2110002001	2
2110002101	2
2110003201	1
2110003701	1
2110003901	2
2110004401	1
2110004402	1
2110004403	1
... (16997 rows omitted)	26150
2113796701	1
2113796702	2
2113796703	2
2113797101	1
2113797102	2
2113797201	1
2113797301	1
2113797601	1
2113797801	2
2113797901	2
2113798501	2
2113798701	1
2113799101	2

2113799102	2
2113800001	1

The central individual identifier across time is PID, which is fixed over time (and of course datasets).

#### hid – Current Household ID

---

21100003	3
21100009	4
21100010	1
21100012	1
21100016	2
21100020	2
21100021	2
21100032	1
21100037	1
21100039	2
21100044	3
21100045	1
21100049	2
21100050	1
21100058	1
... (13023 rows omitted)	26135
21137960	1
21137961	1
21137963	4
21137964	4
21137967	5
21137971	3
21137972	1
21137973	1
21137976	1
21137978	2
21137979	2
21137985	2
21137987	1
21137991	4
21138000	1

This identifier groups all individuals into their respective households at the time of the most recent wave (i.e. a person's HID can change over time, for example if an adult child moves out of their parents' home and starts their own household).

#### cid – Original Household ID

---

21100003	3
----------	---



21100009	4
21100010	1
21100012	1
21100016	2
21100020	2
21100021	2
21100032	1
21100037	1
21100039	2
21100044	3
21100045	1
21100049	2
21100050	1
21100058	1
... (13023 rows omitted)	26135
21137960	1
21137961	1
21137963	4
21137964	4
21137967	5
21137971	3
21137972	1
21137973	1
21137976	1
21137978	2
21137979	2
21137985	2
21137987	1
21137991	4
21138000	1

This identifier groups individuals into their original households at the start of the panel. That means, a person's CID is time-constant and will always relate them back to the household they initially belonged to, even if they moved out since.

### 3 Survey Context

#### wave – Survey Wave

---

1	[1] Wave 1, part 1 (2021/22)	17027
2	[2] Wave 1, part 2 (2021/22)	9168

This variable identifies the (partial) wave in which the data collection took place.

#### restype – Type of respondent

---

 Type of respondent (*from: scp/2021\_2/restype:restype[]*)

1	[1] Anchor person (AP)	19722
2	[2] Household member (HM)	6473
3	[3] New household member (NHM)	0

Anchor persons (AP) are respondents at the time of recruitment who were drawn as part of the initial random sample at the residents' registration offices and invited to take part in the survey. In addition to the personal questionnaire, these people usually also complete the household questionnaire. Household members (HM) are respondents who were specified by anchor persons as living in the same household aged 18 and over and were also invited to take part in the survey. HM only complete the personal questionnaire. New household members (NHM) are respondents who were additionally named as household members by anchors from wave 2 onwards. In particular, this includes people who moved into the household or who have reached the age of 18 in the period since the last survey. These persons receive an extended personal questionnaire and, with their consent, are integrated into the panel as HM from the following wave onwards.

If HM or NHM leave the household after inclusion in the panel, these individuals themselves become the AP of the new household in the following wave, unless this role is filled by another member of the household. Similarly, a HM or NHM becomes the new AP if the original AP leaves the household or refuses further interviews.

### pgpiyear – Person-Related Survey Year

---

**?** Interview: date (*from: scp/2021\_2/interviewdatum:interviewdatum[]*)

2021	17826
2022	8369

This variable identifies the year in which an individual participated in a data collection wave. PGPIYEAR can vary within a data collection wave if data collection includes the turn of a year.

### pgmonth – Person-Related Survey Month

---

**?** Interview: date (*from: scp/2021\_2/interviewdatum:interviewdatum[]*)

1	[1] January	3107
2	[2] February	2372
3	[3] March	1118
4	[4] April	565
5	[5] May	836
6	[6] June	311
7	[7] July	60
8	[8] August	0
9	[9] September	7779
10	[10] October	5871
11	[11] November	2065
12	[12] December	2111

This variable identifies the month in which an individual participated in a data collection wave.

**pgmode** – Survey Mode

? Survey Mode (from: scp/2021\_2/pgmode:pgmode[])

210	[210] Paper questionnaire, postal (PAPI)	15824
300	[300] Online questionnaire (CAWI)	10371

The survey mode is determined by the technology respondents use to fill out a questionnaire. To prevent duplications, if respondents submit a questionnaire via multiple modes, priority is given to the data they provided via the web.

**4 Key Demographics****pgnation\_scp** – 1. Nationality

? Which citizenship do you have? // German (from: scp/2021\_1/Q16a:pnation01[])

? What other citizenship do you have? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q16b:pnatoth[])

4	[4] Afghan	11
8	[8] Albanian	10
12	[12] Algerian	2
20	[20] Andorran	0
24	[24] Angolan	0
28	[28] Antiguan	0
31	[31] Azerbaijani	2
32	[32] Argentinian	0
36	[36] Australian	3
40	[40] Austrian	31
44	[44] Bahamian	0
48	[48] Bahraini	0
50	[50] Bangladeshi	0
51	[51] Armenian	3
52	[52] Barbadian	0
...	(180 rows omitted)	16678
882	[882] Samoan	0
887	[887] Yemeni	0
894	[894] Zambian	0
900	[900] Kosovar	10
997	[997] Apatrid	6
-1	[-1] No answer	7
-2	[-2] Does not apply	71
-3	[-3] Implausible value	6
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	10
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	177

This variable is designed to integrate the information on respondents' nationality from related survey questions. Note that this variable indicates only one nationality per respondent. In case respondents have the German citizenship in addition to another one, priority is given to the German citizenship.

### pgfamstd\_scp – Marital Status in Survey Year

? What is your marital status? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q7:pfamstat[])

? Are you living with a partner in the household? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q8:pcohab[])

1	[1] Married	9333
2	[2] Married, but Separated	281
3	[3] Single	4805
4	[4] Divorced (also registered same sex partnership)	1319
5	[5] Widowed (also registered same sex partnership)	865
6	[6] Registered same sex partnership	54
7	[7] Registered same sex partnership, seperated	9
-1	[-1] No answer	166
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	28
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	9
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	158

Marital status describes the institutional status of marriage as reported by the survey respondents.

### pgstib\_scp – Occ. Position

? What is your current employment situation? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q36:pempstat1[])

? In what professional position are/were you \_primarily\_ employed last? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q41:pocstat[])

? What kind of self-employed person are/were you? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q42:pselfemp[])

? What kind of civil servant are/were you? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q43:pcivil[])

? What kind of employee are/were you? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q44:pempl[])

? What kind of worker are/were you? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q45:pworker[])

? In what employment situation are you mainly at the moment? (from: scp/2021\_2/Q30:pempstat[])

? Approximately how many people does the company employ as a whole? This does not refer to a local unit of the company, but to the entire company. (from: scp/2021\_2/Q36:pfirmsize[])

10	[10] Not employed	673
11	[11] NE, in education, further education, apprenticeship	523
12	[12] NE, registered unemployed	184

13	[13] NE, pensioner	2403
15	[15] NE, military, community service	13
110	[110] Apprentice	106
210	[210] Untrained worker	54
220	[220] Semi-trained worker	119
230	[230] Trained worker	305
240	[240] Foreman/Forewoman, group leader	41
250	[250] Foreman/Forewoman	18
410	[410] Self-employed farmer	0
412	[412] Self-employed farmer, 1-9 employees	7
413	[413] Self-employed farmer, 10+ employees	5
420	[420] Freelancer, academic s.e.	17
...	(11 rows omitted)	3583
610	[610] Civil servant, lower level	5
620	[620] Civil servant, middle level	88
630	[630] Civil servant, upper level	177
640	[640] Civil servant, executive level	101
999	[999] Employed without StiB Info	99
-1	[-1] No answer	121
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	156
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17345
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	5
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	47

The variable represents a compilation of all relevant information on current occupational position. It is generated by combining the variable PEMPSTAT with the variables POCCSTAT, PWORKER, PSELFEMP, PEMPL, PCIVIL and PFIRMSIZE. A hierarchical scheme is used to determine which data is given precedence when a variety of divergent information exists (increasing dominance):

- 10 – not employed
- 11 – currently in education
- 12 – registered unemployed
- 13 – pensioner
- 15 – military / community service
- 110 – apprentice
- 210-250 – manual labourer
- 410-433– self-employed
- 520-550 – employee
- 610-640 – civil service

Codes 412, 413, 421-423 and 431-433 are only assigned from wave 1 part 2 onwards.

The variables POCCSTAT, PWORKER, PSELFEMP, PEMPL and PCIVIL were not asked in wave 1 part 2. Therefore, information from these variables from wave 1 part 1 is used for the generation.

StiB = occupational position

**pgstib1\_scp** – Occ. Position (collected in W1T1 only)

- ? What is your current employment situation? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q36:pempstat1[])  
 ? In what professional position are/were you \_primarily\_ employed last? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q41:pocccstat[])  
 ? What kind of self-employed person are/were you? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q42:pselfemp[])  
 ? What kind of civil servant are/were you? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q43:pcivil[])  
 ? What kind of employee are/were you? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q44:pempl[])  
 ? What kind of worker are/were you? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q45:pworker[])

10	[10] Not employed	1149
11	[11] NE, in education, further education, apprenticeship	871
12	[12] NE, registered unemployed	317
13	[13] NE, pensioner	4680
15	[15] NE, military, community service	31
110	[110] Apprentice	317
210	[210] Untrained worker	161
220	[220] Semi-trained worker	301
230	[230] Trained worker	669
240	[240] Foreman/Forewoman, group leader	88
250	[250] Foreman/Forewoman	46
410	[410] S.e. farmer	38
420	[420] Freelancer, academic s.e.	257
430	[430] Other s.e.	393
520	[520] Salaried employee, unskilled	1197
...	(3 rows omitted)	5044
610	[610] Civil servant, lower level	15
620	[620] Civil servant, middle level	169
630	[630] Civil servant, upper level	308
640	[640] Civil servant, executive level	150
999	[999] Employed without StiB Info	285
-1	[-1] No answer	109
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	152
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	10
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	270

The variable represents a compilation of all relevant information on current occupational position. It is generated by combining the variable PEMPSTAT1 with the variables POCCSTAT, PWORKER, PSELFEMP, PEMPL and PCIVIL. A hierarchical scheme is used to determine which data is given precedence when a variety of divergent information exists (increasing dominance):

10 – not employed

11 – currently in education

12 – registered unemployed  
 13 – pensioner  
 15 – military / community service  
 110 – apprentice  
 210-250 – manual labourer  
 410-433 – self-employed  
 520-550 – employee  
 610-640 – civil service  
 Codes 412, 413, 421-423 and 431-433 are only assigned from wave 1 part 2 onwards.  
 StiB = occupational position

### pgemplst\_scp – Employment Status

? In what employment situation are you mainly at the moment? (from: scp/2021\_2/Q30:pempstat  
 [])

? Is this marginal employment according to the EUR450 or EUR1,300 regulation (mini-job or midi-job)? (from: scp/2021\_2/Q32:pminijob[])

? Are you currently employed in short-time work? (from: scp/2021\_2/Q34:pshorttime[])

1	[1] Full-time employed	9969
2	[2] Part-time employed	3476
3	[3] Short-time work	180
4	[4] Working a 'mini-job' (up to EUR 450)	652
5	[5] In first-time in-service training (betriebliche Erstausbildung)/apprenticeship (Lehre)	230
6	[6] In further education, retraining, further vocational training/rehabilitation	108
7	[7] On maternity/parental leave	446
8	[8] Registered unemployed	501
9	[9] In retirement/early retirement (Vorruhestand)	7083
10	[10] Attending school/(vocational) college/university	1260
11	[11] Fulfilling my voluntary year/federal voluntary service/voluntary military service	44
12	[12] Homemaker	594
13	[13] None of the above	782
-1	[-1] No answer	230
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	308
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	15
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	317

The generation of this variable in wave 1 part 1 is a special case because the variable was generated using only PEMPSTAT1. From wave 1 part 2 onwards, the variables PEMPSTAT, PSHORTTIME and PMINIJOB are used for the generation.

## pglfs\_scp – Labour Force Status

? What is the `_highest_` school-leaving certificate that you've earned? (from: `scp/2021_1/Q34:pedu01[]`)

? What is the `_highest_` educational qualification you've earned? (from: `scp/2021_1/Q35:pedu02[]`)

? In what employment situation are you mainly at the moment? (from: `scp/2021_2/Q30:pempstat[]`)

? Have you done any paid work during the last 7 days, even if it was only for an hour or a few hours? (from: `scp/2021_2/Q39:ppaidwork[]`)

1	[1] Non-working	679
2	[2] NW, age 65 and older	1989
3	[3] NW, in education-train.	366
4	[4] NW, on parental leave	124
5	[5] NW, military-community service	6
6	[6] NW, unemployed	171
8	[8] NW, but sometimes sec. job	0
9	[9] NW, work but past 7 days	479
10	[10] NW, but reg. sec. job	0
11	[11] Working	3649
12	[12] Working, but NW past 7 days	1401
-1	[-1] No answer	116
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	145
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17027
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	4
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	39

This variable is based on the survey question on current employment status, combined with additional information on activities of non-working individuals that comes from the variables PEDU01 and PEDU02 and the age of the respondent. It is designed to provide consistent longitudinal data on labour force participation across all waves.

PGLFS provides a differentiation between “working” (Code 11-12) and “non-working” (Code 1-9), categories which are constant over all waves. Non-employment is subdivided further in order to make it possible to efficiently apply different labour market concepts in studying the data.

For respondents who have multiple status codes and different values for this variable, the following hierarchy was used to determine which of the values would play the determining role (increasing dominance):

11 - working

1 - non-working without further information

2 - non-working, and older than 65

3 - non-working, and currently in a training program

6 - non-working, and registered unemployed

4 - non-working, on maternity leave



5 - non-working, in military/community service

9 - non-working, but working past 7 days

12 - working, but non-working past 7 days

Codes 9 and 12 are only assigned from wave 1 part 2 onwards. PGLFS supplements the variable PGEMPLST, which differentiates among persons who are employed.

The variables PEDU01 and PEDU02 were not asked in wave 1 part 2. Therefore, information from these variables from wave 1 part 1 is used for the generation.

### pglfs1\_scp - Labour Force Status (collected in W1T1 only)

? What is the `_highest_` school-leaving certificate that you've earned? (from: `scp/2021_1/Q34:pedu01[]`)

? What is the `_highest_` educational qualification you've earned? (from: `scp/2021_1/Q35:pedu02[]`)

? What is your current employment situation? (from: `scp/2021_1/Q36:pempstat1[]`)

1	[1] Non-working	1341
2	[2] NW, age 65 and older	4133
3	[3] NW, in education-train.	918
4	[4] NW, on parental leave	302
5	[5] NW, military-community service	31
6	[6] NW, unemployed	317
11	[11] Working	9457
-1	[-1] No answer	105
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	143
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	10
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	270

This variable is based on the survey question on current employment status, combined with additional information on activities of non-working individuals that comes from the variables PEDU01 and PEDU02 and the age of the respondent. It is designed to provide consistent longitudinal data on labour force participation across all waves.

PGLFS provides a differentiation between “working” (Code 11-12) and “non-working” (Code 1-9), categories which are constant over all waves. Non-employment is subdivided further in order to make it possible to efficiently apply different labour market concepts in studying the data.

For respondents who have multiple status codes and different values for this variable, the following hierarchy was used to determine which of the values would play the determining role (increasing dominance):

11 - working

1 - non-working without further information

2 - non-working, and older than 65

3 - non-working, and currently in a training program

6 - non-working, and registered unemployed

- 4 - non-working, on maternity leave
- 5 - non-working, in military/community service
- 9 - non-working, but working past 7 days
- 12 - working, but non-working past 7 days

Codes 9 and 12 are only assigned from wave 1 part 2 onwards. PGLFS supplements the variable PGEMPLST, which differentiates among persons who are employed.

## 5 Education

### pgisced11\_scp - Highest degree/diploma attained (ISCED-2011)

? What is the `_highest_` school-leaving certificate that you've earned? (from: `scp/2021_1/Q34:pedu01[]`)

? What is the `_highest_` educational qualification you've earned? (from: `scp/2021_1/Q35:pedu02[]`)

0	[0] In school	53
1	[1] Primary education	132
2	[2] Lower sec. education	955
3	[3] Upper sec. education	1324
4	[4] Post-sec. non-tertiary education	7531
5	[5] Short-cycle tertiary education	0
6	[6] Bachelors or equivalent level	2935
7	[7] Masters or equivalent level	3305
8	[8] Doctoral or equivalent level	376
-1	[-1] No answer	67
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	72
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	9
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	268

The educational variable classifies all correspondents' educational degrees according to the "International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED)" of 2011 in order to make degrees internationally comparable. The variable is generated onwards taking into account degrees and diplomas attained in both general schooling and in vocational/university education and indicates the highest degree obtained. The fifth option „Short-cycle tertiary education“ cannot be generated because the information was not surveyed.

### pgisced97\_scp - Highest degree/diploma attained (ISCED-1997)

? What is the `_highest_` school-leaving certificate that you've earned? (from: `scp/2021_1/Q34:pedu01[]`)

? What is the `_highest_` educational qualification you've earned? (from: `scp/2021_1/Q35:pedu02[]`)

0	[0] In school	53
1	[1] Inadequately	132
2	[2] General elementary	955
3	[3] Middle vocational	6691
4	[4] Vocational + Abitur	1282
5	[5] Higher vocational	7122
6	[6] Higher education	376
-1	[-1] No answer	67
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	72
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	9
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	268

This variable contains the highest degree/diploma attained, taking into account degrees and diplomas attained in both general schooling and in vocational and university education. Here, higher-level vocational and university certificates override lower-level school diplomas. Persons who, for example, have no values for the variables on secondary school degrees/diplomas but state that they have a university degree are placed in the highest ISCED category.

#### pgcasmin\_scp – Highest degree/diploma attained (CASMIN)

? What is the \_highest\_ school-leaving certificate that you've earned? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q34:pedu01[])

? What is the \_highest\_ educational qualification you've earned? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q35:pedu02[])

0	[0] (0) In school	66
1	[1] (1a) Inadequately completed	179
2	[2] (1b) General elementary school	561
3	[3] (1c) Basic vocational qualification	2158
4	[4] (2b) Intermediate general qualification	588
5	[5] (2a) Intermediate vocational	4642
6	[6] (2c_gen) General maturity certificate	1203
7	[7] (2c_voc) Vocational maturity certificate	2484
8	[8] (3a) Lower/higher tertiary education	4622
-1	[-1] No answer	88
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	158
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	10

-10 [-10] Break-off [only CAWI]

268

Alternatively to PGISCED11\_SCP, with PGCASMIN\_SCP another educational variable is generated that enables comparisons with international educational degrees/diplomas and is based on the modified CASMIN classification scheme (Comparative Analysis of Social Mobility in Industrial Nations). Taken into account are both secondary-level and university/college-level degrees and diplomas. As with ISCED, the higher-level occupational degrees override the lower-level secondary school degrees.

### pgbilzeit\_scp – Amount of Education or Train. in Years

? What is the \_highest\_ school-leaving certificate that you've earned? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q34:pedu01[])

? What is the \_highest\_ educational qualification you've earned? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q35:pedu02[])

7	132
8	6
8.5	37
9	435
10	591
10.5	1875
11	168
11.5	3905
12	336
13	1827
13.5	618
14	124
14.5	891
15	810
16	1180
17	361
18	2756
20	10
21	353
-1 [-1] No answer	96
-2 [-2] Does not apply	72
-3 [-3] Implausible value	0
-4 [-4] Inadmissible multiple response	165
-5 [-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6 [-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7 [-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8 [-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9 [-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	11
-10 [-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	268

In this variable, school years (PEDU01) and years spent in additional vocational training (PEDU02) are added together. The number of years is derived from the degrees according to the following lists, based on the IAB PASS study:

## Schooling:

No degree = 7 years

Lower school degree = 9 years

Intermediary school degree = 10 years

Degree for a prof. college = 12 years

High school degree = 13 years

Other = 10 years

Additional occupational training (includes universities):

Training as a semi-skilled worker = 1 year

Apprenticeship, vocational school, school for health care occupations = 1.5 years

Master craftsman certificate, vocational academy = 3 years

Bachelor's degree = 3 years

Master's degree = 5 years

Ph.D. = 8 years

## 6 Occupational Scales and Classifications

[pgisco08\\_scp](#) - Current occ. class. (ISCO-08, 4-digit)

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? What is your current employment situation? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q36:pempstat1[])

? What is your current or most recent position/occupation? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q40:poccupation[])

0	[0] Armed forces occupations	0
100	[100] Commissioned armed forces officers	0
110	[110] Commissioned armed forces officers	13
200	[200] Non-commissioned armed forces officers	0
210	[210] Non-commissioned armed forces officers	6
300	[300] Armed forces occupations, other ranks	0
310	[310] Armed forces occupations, other ranks	23
1000	[1000] Managers	0
1100	[1100] Chief executives, senior officials and legislators	0
1110	[1110] Legislators and senior officials	0
1111	[1111] Legislators	2
1112	[1112] Senior government officials	40
1113	[1113] Traditional chiefs and heads of village	0
1114	[1114] Senior officials of special-interest organizations	6
1120	[1120] Managing directors and chief executives	153
...	(570 rows omitted)	8532
9621	[9621] Messengers, package deliverers and luggage porters	12
9622	[9622] Odd job persons	1
9623	[9623] Meter readers and vending-machine collectors	2
9624	[9624] Water and firewood collectors	0
9629	[9629] Elementary workers not elsewhere classified	4
-1	[-1] No answer	494
-2	[-2] Does not apply	7429
-3	[-3] Implausible value	299
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0

-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	11

This variable is designed to provide annual data on occupational activity for all employed persons according to the International Standard Classification of Occupations ISCO-08 (Version of the ILO). Respondents enter the answer to the question about their current occupational title in their own words into a blank in the questionnaire. ISCO-08 is a strictly four-digit classification, and this variable is therefore coded in four-digit form. ISCO-08 was adopted through a resolution of a Tripartite Meeting of Experts on Labour Statistics held in December 2007. This resolution was subsequently endorsed by the Governing Body of the ILO in March 2008.

Sourcelink: <http://www.ilo.org/public/english/bureau/stat/isco/isco08/index.htm>. ISCO-08 codes are provided by infas. Source variable: This variable is based on the plain text information (POCCUPATION) on respondents' current occupation that are not included in the dataset.

#### pgmisco08\_scp – Mother: occ. class. at age 15 (ISCO-08, 4-digit)

**?** When you were fifteen years old, what was the occupational status of your mother? (from: [scp/2021\\_2/Q20m:pmoccupation\[\]](#))

0	[0] Armed forces occupations	0
100	[100] Commissioned armed forces officers	0
110	[110] Commissioned armed forces officers	0
200	[200] Non-commissioned armed forces officers	0
210	[210] Non-commissioned armed forces officers	0
300	[300] Armed forces occupations, other ranks	0
310	[310] Armed forces occupations, other ranks	0
1000	[1000] Managers	0
1100	[1100] Chief executives, senior officials and legislators	0
1110	[1110] Legislators and senior officials	0
1111	[1111] Legislators	3
1112	[1112] Senior government officials	5
1113	[1113] Traditional chiefs and heads of village	0
1114	[1114] Senior officials of special-interest organizations	3
1120	[1120] Managing directors and chief executives	26
...	(570 rows omitted)	5239
9621	[9621] Messengers, package deliverers and luggage porters	7
9622	[9622] Odd job persons	0
9623	[9623] Meter readers and vending-machine collectors	0
9624	[9624] Water and firewood collectors	0
9629	[9629] Elementary workers not elsewhere classified	4
-1	[-1] No answer	584
-2	[-2] Does not apply	2475
-3	[-3] Implausible value	822
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0

-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17027
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable is designed to provide data on the occupational activity of the respondent's mother according to the International Standard Classification of Occupations ISCO-08 (Version of the ILO). Respondents enter the answer to the question about their mother's occupational title when the respondents were 15 years old in their own words into a blank in the questionnaire. ISCO-08 is a strictly four-digit classification, and this variable is therefore coded in four-digit form. ISCO-08 was adopted through a resolution of a Tripartite Meeting of Experts on Labour Statistics held in December 2007. This resolution was subsequently endorsed by the Governing Body of the ILO in March 2008.

Sourcelink: <http://www.ilo.org/public/english/bureau/stat/isco/isco08/index.htm>. ISCO-08 codes are provided by infas. Source variable: This variable is based on the plain text information (PMOCCUPATION) on respondents' mothers' occupation that are not included in the dataset.

#### pgfisco08\_scp – Father: occ. class. at age 15 (ISCO-08, 4-digit)

**?** When you were fifteen years old what occupational status did your father hold? (from: [scp/2021\\_2/Q20v:pfoccupation\[\]](#))

0	[0] Armed forces occupations	0
100	[100] Commissioned armed forces officers	0
110	[110] Commissioned armed forces officers	44
200	[200] Non-commissioned armed forces officers	0
210	[210] Non-commissioned armed forces officers	12
300	[300] Armed forces occupations, other ranks	0
310	[310] Armed forces occupations, other ranks	37
1000	[1000] Managers	0
1100	[1100] Chief executives, senior officials and legislators	0
1110	[1110] Legislators and senior officials	0
1111	[1111] Legislators	13
1112	[1112] Senior government officials	41
1113	[1113] Traditional chiefs and heads of village	0
1114	[1114] Senior officials of special-interest organizations	7
1120	[1120] Managing directors and chief executives	121
...	(570 rows omitted)	6645
9621	[9621] Messengers, package deliverers and luggage porters	3
9622	[9622] Odd job persons	0
9623	[9623] Meter readers and vending-machine collectors	0
9624	[9624] Water and firewood collectors	0
9629	[9629] Elementary workers not elsewhere classified	2
-1	[-1] No answer	331
-2	[-2] Does not apply	940
-3	[-3] Implausible value	972
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0

-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17027
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable is designed to provide data on the occupational activity of the respondent's father according to the International Standard Classification of Occupations ISCO-08 (Version of the ILO). Respondents enter the answer to the question about their father's occupational title when the respondents were 15 years old in their own words into a blank in the questionnaire. ISCO-08 is a strictly four-digit classification, and this variable is therefore coded in four-digit form. ISCO-08 was adopted through a resolution of a Tripartite Meeting of Experts on Labour Statistics held in December 2007. This resolution was subsequently endorsed by the Governing Body of the ILO in March 2008.

Sourcelink: <http://www.ilo.org/public/english/bureau/stat/isco/isco08/index.htm>. ISCO-08 codes are provided by infas. Source variable: This variable is based on the plain text information (PFOCCUPATION) on respondents' fathers' occupation that are not included in the dataset.

#### pgisco88\_scp - Current occ. class. (ISCO-88, 4-digit)

? What is your current employment situation? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q36:pempstat1[])

? What is your current or most recent position/occupation? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q40:poccupation[])

0	[0] Armed forces	0
100	[100] Armed forces	0
110	[110] Legislators and senior officials	42
1000	[1000] Legislators, senior officials and managers	0
1100	[1100] Legislators and senior officials	0
1110	[1110] Legislators and senior government officials	2
1120	[1120] Senior (national) government officials (incl. minister, ambassador)	40
1140	[1140] Senior officials of special-interest organisations	6
1141	[1141] Senior officials of political party organisations	0
1142	[1142] Senior officials of employers', workers' and other economic-interest organisations	0
1143	[1143] Senior officials of humanitarian and other special-interest organisations	0
1200	[1200] Corporate managers	0
1210	[1210] Directors and chief executives	153
1220	[1220] Production and operations managers	42
1221	[1221] Production and operations managers in agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	0
...	(486 rows omitted)	8351
9320	[9320] Manufacturing labourers	18
9322	[9322] Handpackers and other manufacturing labourers (incl. crater, labeller)	22
9330	[9330] Transport labourers and freight handlers	0
9331	[9331] Hand or pedal vehicle drivers (incl. rickshaw driver)	1
9333	[9333] Freight handlers (incl. docker, loader, longshoreman, remover, stevedore)	117
-1	[-1] No answer	494
-2	[-2] Does not apply	7429
-3	[-3] Implausible value	299
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0



-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	11

This variable is designed to provide annual data on occupational activity for all employed persons according to the International Standard Classification of Occupations ISCO-88 (Version of the ILO). Respondents enter the answer to the question about their current occupational title in their own words into a blank in the questionnaire. ISCO-88 is a strictly four-digit classification, and this variable is therefore coded in four-digit form. Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PGISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (POCCUPATION) on respondents' current occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to ISCO-88 were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN

(Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

### **pgmisco88\_scp** – Mother: occ. class. at age 15 (ISCO-88, 4-digit)

**?** When you were fifteen years old, what was the occupational status of your mother? (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q20m:pmoccupation[]*)

0	[0] Armed forces	0
100	[100] Armed forces	0
110	[110] Legislators and senior officials	0
1000	[1000] Legislators, senior officials and managers	0
1100	[1100] Legislators and senior officials	0
1110	[1110] Legislators and senior government officials	3
1120	[1120] Senior (national) government officials (incl. minister, ambassador)	5
1140	[1140] Senior officials of special-interest organisations	3
1141	[1141] Senior officials of political party organisations	0
1142	[1142] Senior officials of employers', workers' and other economic-interest organisations	0
1143	[1143] Senior officials of humanitarian and other special-interest organisations	0
1200	[1200] Corporate managers	0
1210	[1210] Directors and chief executives	26
1220	[1220] Production and operations managers	7
1221	[1221] Production and operations managers in agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	3
...	(486 rows omitted)	5194
9320	[9320] Manufacturing labourers	24
9322	[9322] Handpackers and other manufacturing labourers (incl. crater, labeller9	7
9330	[9330] Transport labourers and freight handlers	0
9331	[9331] Hand or pedal vehicle drivers (incl. rickshaw driver)	0
9333	[9333] Freight handlers (incl. docker, loader, longshoreman, remover, stevedore)	15
-1	[-1] No answer	584
-2	[-2] Does not apply	2475
-3	[-3] Implausible value	822
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0

-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17027
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable is designed to provide data on the occupational activity of the respondent's mother according to the International Standard Classification of Occupations ISCO-88 (Version of the ILO). Respondents enter the answer to the question about their mother's occupational title when the respondents were 15 years old in their own words into a blank in the questionnaire. ISCO-88 is a strictly four-digit classification, and this variable is therefore coded in four-digit form. Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PG-MISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (PMOCCUPATION) on respondents' mothers' occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to ISCO-88 were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN (Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

### pgfisco88\_scp – Father: occ. class. at age 15 (ISCO-88, 4-digit)

**?** When you were fifteen years old what occupational status did your father hold? (from: [scp/2021\\_2/Q20v:pfoccupation\[\]](#))

0	[0] Armed forces	0
100	[100] Armed forces	0
110	[110] Legislators and senior officials	93
1000	[1000] Legislators, senior officials and managers	0
1100	[1100] Legislators and senior officials	0
1110	[1110] Legislators and senior government officials	13
1120	[1120] Senior (national) government officials (incl. minister, ambassador)	41
1140	[1140] Senior officials of special-interest organisations	7
1141	[1141] Senior officials of political party organisations	0
1142	[1142] Senior officials of employers', workers' and other economic-interest organisations	0
1143	[1143] Senior officials of humanitarian and other special-interest organisations	0
1200	[1200] Corporate managers	1
1210	[1210] Directors and chief executives	121
1220	[1220] Production and operations managers	73
1221	[1221] Production and operations managers in agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	13
...	(486 rows omitted)	6485
9320	[9320] Manufacturing labourers	17
9322	[9322] Handpackers and other manufacturing labourers (incl. crater, labeller9	5
9330	[9330] Transport labourers and freight handlers	0
9331	[9331] Hand or pedal vehicle drivers (incl. rickshaw driver)	0
9333	[9333] Freight handlers (incl. docker, loader, longshoreman, remover, stevedore)	56
-1	[-1] No answer	331
-2	[-2] Does not apply	940
-3	[-3] Implausible value	972
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17027

-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable is designed to provide data on the occupational activity of the respondent's father according to the International Standard Classification of Occupations ISCO-88 (Version of the ILO). Respondents enter the answer to the question about their father's occupational title when the respondents were 15 years old in their own words into a blank in the questionnaire. ISCO-88 is a strictly four-digit classification, and this variable is therefore coded in four-digit form. Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PG-FISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (PFOCCUPATION) on respondents' fathers' occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to ISCO-88 were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN (Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

### pgisei08\_scp – Last reached occ. status (ISEI-08)

? What is your current or most recent position/occupation? *(from: scp/2021\_1/Q40:poccupation  
[])*

11.56		1
11.74		8
13.24		21
13.34		5
13.87		2
14.21		27
14.39		8
14.57		5
14.64		123
14.82		2
15.35		2
16.08		3
16.36		14
16.38		34
16.39		7
...	(317 rows omitted)	13584
86.72		33
86.81		1
88.31		21
88.7		98
88.96		8
-1	[-1] No answer	1822
-2	[-2] Does not apply	888
-3	[-3] Implausible value	299
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	11

This variable reflects the (last reached) Standard International Socio-Economic Index of Occupational Status for all (formerly) employed persons. The ISEI Index was developed in 1992 by Ganzeboom, De Graaf, Treiman, and De Leew based on information about income, education, and occupation. Technically, ISEI-08 was created by scaling the ISCO-08 classification. The values for the variable range between 11 and 90. In contrast to the prestige scores of Ganzeboom and Treiman (1996) and Wegener (1988), ISEI is a measure of socio-economic status. Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PGISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (POCCUPATION) on respondents' (last) occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to ISEI-08 were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN (Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

### pgmisei08\_scp - Mother: occ. status at age 15 (ISEI-08)

? When you were fifteen years old, what was the occupational status of your mother? (from: `scp/2021_2/Q20m:pmoccupation[]`)

11.56		2
11.74		45
12.01		2
13.24		110
13.34		1
14.21		10
14.57		1
14.64		216
14.82		5
16.08		3
16.36		23
16.38		29
16.5		99
16.8		23
17.55		8
...	(245 rows omitted)	4658
86.72		7
86.81		1
88.31		7
88.7		35
88.96		2
-1	[-1] No answer	584
-2	[-2] Does not apply	2475
-3	[-3] Implausible value	822
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17027
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable reflects the Standard International Socio-Economic Index of Occupational Status of the respondent's mother when the respondent was 15 years old. The ISEI Index was developed in 1992 by Ganzeboom, De Graaf, Treiman, and De Leuw based on information about income, education, and occupation. Technically, ISEI-08 was created by scaling the ISCO-08 classification. The values for the variable range between 11 and 90. In contrast to the prestige scores of Ganzeboom and Treiman (1996) and Wegener (1988), ISEI is a measure of socio-economic status. Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PG-MISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (PMOCCUPATION) on respondents' mothers' occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to ISEI-08 were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN (Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

### pgfisei08\_scp - Father: occ. status at age 15 (ISEI-08)

? When you were fifteen years old what occupational status did your father hold? (from: scp/2021\_2/Q20v:pfoccupation[])

11.56	2
11.74	35
12.01	5
13.24	1
13.34	10
13.35	2
13.87	1
14.21	3
14.39	12
14.57	4
14.64	6
14.82	1
15.35	8
16.08	1
16.36	17
... (295 rows omitted)	6725
86.72	20
86.81	1
88.31	12
88.7	50
88.96	9
-1 [-1] No answer	331
-2 [-2] Does not apply	940
-3 [-3] Implausible value	972
-4 [-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5 [-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6 [-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7 [-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8 [-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17027
-9 [-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10 [-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable reflects the Standard International Socio-Economic Index of Occupational Sta-

tus of the respondent's father when the respondent was 15 years old. The ISEI Index was developed in 1992 by Ganzeboom, De Graaf, Treiman, and De Leew based on information about income, education, and occupation. Technically, ISEI-08 was created by scaling the ISCO-08 classification. The values for the variable range between 11 and 90. In contrast to the prestige scores of Ganzeboom and Treiman (1996) and Wegener (1988), ISEI is a measure of socio-economic status. Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PG-FISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (PFOCCUPATION) on respondents' father' occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to ISEI-08 were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN (Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

### pgisei88\_scp - Last reached occ. status (ISEI-88)

? What is your current or most recent position/occupation? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q40:poccupation  
[])

16		153
19		27
20		68
21		16
22		6
23		248
24		46
25		256
26		38
27		12
28		19
29		211
30		596
31		167
32		246
...	(41 rows omitted)	11546
83		13
85		89
87		9
88		160
90		8
-1	[-1] No answer	1895
-2	[-2] Does not apply	888
-3	[-3] Implausible value	299
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	11

This variable reflects the (last reached) Standard International Socio-Economic Index of Occupational Status for all (formerly) employed persons. The ISEI Index was developed in 1992

by Ganzeboom, De Graaf, Treiman, and De Leew based on information about income, education, and occupation. Technically, ISEI was created by scaling the ISCO-88 classification. The values for the variable range between 16 and 90. In contrast to the prestige scores of Ganzeboom and Treiman (1996) and Wegener (1988), ISEI is a measure of socio-economic status. Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PGISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (POCCUPATION) on respondents' (last) occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to ISEI-88 were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN (Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

### pgmisei88\_scp – Mother: occ. status at age 15 (ISEI-88)

**?** When you were fifteen years old, what was the occupational status of your mother? (from: [scp/2021\\_2/Q20m:pmoccupation\[\]](#))

16	248
19	7
20	73
22	6
23	221
24	22
25	195
26	2
27	10
28	9
29	110
30	199
31	102
32	161
33	34
... (39 rows omitted)	3816
83	1
85	15
87	1
88	53
90	2
-1 [-1] No answer	584
-2 [-2] Does not apply	2475
-3 [-3] Implausible value	822
-4 [-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5 [-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6 [-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7 [-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8 [-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17027
-9 [-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10 [-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable reflects the Standard International Socio-Economic Index of Occupational Status of the respondent's mother, when the respondent was 15 years old. The ISEI Index was developed in 1992 by Ganzeboom, De Graaf, Treiman, and De Leew based on information

about income, education, and occupation. Technically, ISEI was created by scaling the ISCO-88 classification. The values for the variable range between 16 and 90. In contrast to the prestige scores of Ganzeboom and Treiman (1996) and Wegener (1988), ISEI is a measure of socio-economic status. Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PG-MISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (PMOCCUPATION) on respondents' mothers' occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to ISEI-88 were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN (Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

### pgfisei88\_scp – Father: occ. status at age 15 (ISEI-88)

**?** When you were fifteen years old what occupational status did your father hold? (from: *scp/2021\_2/Q20v:pfoccupation[]*)

16		44
19		26
20		44
21		49
22		17
23		386
24		11
25		13
26		68
27		27
28		32
29		321
30		535
31		168
32		192
...	(41 rows omitted)	4743
83		11
85		38
87		13
88		85
90		9
-1	[-1] No answer	424
-2	[-2] Does not apply	940
-3	[-3] Implausible value	972
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17027
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable reflects the Standard International Socio-Economic Index of Occupational Status of the respondent's father, when the respondent was 15 years old. The ISEI Index was developed in 1992 by Ganzeboom, De Graaf, Treiman, and De Leew based on information



about income, education, and occupation. Technically, ISEI was created by scaling the ISCO-88 classification. The values for the variable range between 16 and 90. In contrast to the prestige scores of Ganzeboom and Treiman (1996) and Wegener (1988), ISEI is a measure of socio-economic status. Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PG-FISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (PFOCCUPATION) on respondents' fathers' occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to ISEI-88 were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN (Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

### pgmps08\_scp – Last reached occ. prestige (MPS-08)

**?** What is your current or most recent position/occupation? (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q40:poccupation*  
[])

20		8
23.9		8
24.7		1
26.7		8
26.9		166
28.6		2
30		73
30.3		7
31.2		36
31.8		6
31.9		6
32.4		49
34.7		5
35.6		5
36.1		7
...	(161 rows omitted)	10249
160.5		107
170.9		33
173.3		30
179.6		160
186.8		8
-1	[-1] No answer	4854
-2	[-2] Does not apply	889
-3	[-3] Implausible value	299
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	11

This variable gives the (last reached) occupational prestige score developed by Wegener (1988) for all (formerly) employed persons. The Magnitude-Prestige-Scale (MPS) is a tool for operationalising the social position of occupations in empirical surveys. In contrast to alternative instruments such as the Standard International Occupational Prestige Scale (SIOPS) or the

International Socio-economic Index of Occupational Status (ISEI), the MPS is an instrument that was constructed for analyses on the national level only (Christoph, 2005). Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PGISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (POCCUPATION) on respondents' (last) occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to MPS were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN (Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

### pgmmps08\_scp - Mother: occ. prestige at age 15 (MPS-08)

? When you were fifteen years old, what was the occupational status of your mother? (from: *scp/2021\_2/Q20m:pmoccupation[]*)

23.9		46
26.7		2
26.9		15
30		60
31.2		34
31.8		1
31.9		3
32.4		14
34.7		1
35.6		2
36.1		10
36.6		2
37.6		1
38.1		1
38.3		10
...	(128 rows omitted)	3695
160.5		13
170.9		7
173.3		15
179.6		53
186.8		2
-1	[-1] No answer	1884
-2	[-2] Does not apply	2475
-3	[-3] Implausible value	822
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17027
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable gives the respondent's mother's occupational prestige score developed by Wegener (1988), when the respondent was 15 years old. The Magnitude-Prestige-Scale (MPS) is a tool for operationalising the social position of occupations in empirical surveys. In contrast to alternative instruments such as the Standard International Occupational Prestige Scale (SIOPS) or the International Socio-economic Index of Occupational Status (ISEI), the MPS is

an instrument that was constructed for analyses on the national level only (Christoph, 2005). Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PGMISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (PMOCCUPATION) on respondents' mothers' occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to MPS were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN (Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

### pgfmmps08\_scp – Father: occ. prestige at age 15 (MPS-08)

? When you were fifteen years old what occupational status did your father hold? (from: *scp/2021\_2/Q20v:pfoccupation[]*)

20		24
23.9		23
24.7		6
26.7		7
26.9		56
28.6		1
30		3
30.3		12
31.2		1
31.6		4
31.8		10
31.9		3
32.4		8
34.7		10
35.6		5
...	(157 rows omitted)	5177
160.5		58
170.9		20
173.3		7
179.6		85
186.8		9
-1	[-1] No answer	1727
-2	[-2] Does not apply	940
-3	[-3] Implausible value	972
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17027
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable gives the respondent's father's occupational prestige score developed by Wegener (1988), when the respondent was 15 years old. The Magnitude-Prestige-Scale (MPS) is a tool for operationalising the social position of occupations in empirical surveys. In contrast to alternative instruments such as the Standard International Occupational Prestige Scale (SIOPS) or the International Socio-economic Index of Occupational Status (ISEI), the MPS is an instrument that was constructed for analyses on the national level only (Christoph,

2005). Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PGFISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (PFOCCUPATION) on respondents' fathers' occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to MPS were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN (Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

### pgsiops08\_scp – Last reached occ. prestige (SIOPS-08)

? What is your current or most recent position/occupation? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q40:poccupation  
[])

13		10
15		1
16		10
17		1
18.02		8
18.96		5
20		97
20.03		7
20.09		17
20.26		87
20.3		154
20.39		11
20.76		37
21		7
21.08		14
...	(206 rows omitted)	13304
75		7
75.68		4
76.11		8
78.01		160
78.16		58
-1	[-1] No answer	1822
-2	[-2] Does not apply	888
-3	[-3] Implausible value	299
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	11

This variable gives the (last reached) occupational prestige score index for all (formerly) employed persons. SIOPS is based on ISCO-88 and was developed by Donald Treiman et al. The scale ranges from 6 to 78. PGSIOPS08\_SCP is derived from ISCO-88 scores that themselves are derived from ISCO-08 scores. Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PGISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (POCCUPATION) on respondents' (last) occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to SIOPS-08 were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN

(Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

### pgmsiops08\_scp – Mother: occ. prestige at age 15 (SIOPS-08)

? When you were fifteen years old, what was the occupational status of your mother? (from: [scp/2021\\_2/Q20m:pmoccupation\[\]](#))

16		2
20		146
20.03		6
20.09		1
20.26		109
20.3		14
20.39		1
20.76		49
21		13
21.08		23
21.67		46
22		58
22.16		1
22.28		31
22.69		3
...	(172 rows omitted)	4679
73.51		38
75		2
76.11		2
78.01		53
78.16		10
-1	[-1] No answer	584
-2	[-2] Does not apply	2475
-3	[-3] Implausible value	822
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17027
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable gives the respondent's mother's occupational prestige score index, when the respondent was 15 years old. SIOPS is based on ISCO-88 and was developed by Donald Treiman et al. The scale ranges from 6 to 78. PGMSIOPS08\_SCP is derived from ISCO-88 scores that themselves are derived from ISCO-08 scores. Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PGMISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (PMOCCUPATION) on respondents' mothers' occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to SIOPS-08 were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN

(Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

**pgfsiops08\_scp** – Father: occ. prestige at age 15 (SIOPS-08)

? When you were fifteen years old what occupational status did your father hold? (from: *scp/2021\_2/Q20v:pfoccupation[]*)

13		13
15		6
16		4
18.02		21
20		3
20.03		5
20.26		6
20.3		53
20.39		3
20.76		27
21		8
21.08		17
21.67		9
21.8		1
22		6
...	(203 rows omitted)	6574
75		10
75.68		9
76.11		9
78.01		85
78.16		56
-1	[-1] No answer	331
-2	[-2] Does not apply	940
-3	[-3] Implausible value	972
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17027
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable gives the respondent's father's occupational prestige score index, when the respondent was 15 years old. SIOPS is based on ISCO-88 and was developed by Donald Treiman et al. The scale ranges from 6 to 78. pgsiops08\_scp is derived from ISCO-88 scores that themselves are derived from ISCO-08 scores. Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PGFISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (PFOCCUPATION) on respondents' fathers' occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to SIOPS-08 were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN

(Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

**pgegp081\_scp** – Last reached occ. class (EGP-08) (collected in W1T1 only)

? Next, we are looking at your current main occupation. // In your position at work, do you supervise others? In other words, do people work under your direction? (from: *scp/2021\_1/*

Q38:pempcond02[])

? What is your current or most recent position/occupation? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q40:poccupation[])

? In what professional position are/were you \_primarily\_ employed last? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q41:pccstat[])

? What kind of self-employed person are/were you? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q42:pselfemp[])

? What kind of civil servant are/were you? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q43:pcivil[])

? What kind of employee are/were you? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q44:pempl[])

? What kind of worker are/were you? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q45:pworker[])

1	[1] [I] Higher Managerial and Professional Workers	2232
2	[2] [II] Lower Managerial and Professional Workers	5204
3	[3] [IIIa] Routine Clerical Work	2078
4	[4] [IIIb] Routine Service and Sales Work	987
5	[5] [IVa] Small s.e. with Employees	381
6	[6] [IVb] Small s.e. without Employees	149
7	[7] [V] Manual Supervisors	332
8	[8] [VI] Skilled Manual Workers	1107
9	[9] [VIIa] Semi- and Unskilled Manual Workers	1299
10	[10] [VIIb] Agricultural Labour	88
11	[11] [IVc] S.e. Farmers	77
-1	[-1] No answer	1895
-2	[-2] Does not apply	888
-3	[-3] Implausible value	299
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	11

This variable gives the (last reached) occupational class for all (formerly) employed persons. EGP classes are derived from the Standard International Socio-Economic Index of Occupational Status (ISEI). Technically, the variable is created by scaling the ISCO-88 classification. In addition, it is based on information about whether the occupation has a managerial function, whether a self-employed activity is exercised, and information about the number of subordinates or employees. The EGP Index was documented by Ganzeboom/Treiman in 1996 and revised in 2003. PGEGP081\_SCP is derived from ISCO-88 scores that themselves are derived from ISCO-08 scores. This variable was specifically designed for the 1st part of the 1st wave because here information about the company size is missing. This information will be available in subsequent waves. Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PGISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (POCCUPATION) on respondents' (last) occupation that are not included in the dataset, and on occupational status (PSELFEMP, PWORKER, PCIVIL, PEMPL) and managerial function (pempcond02). Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to EGP were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN

(Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

**pgmegp081\_scp** – Mother: occ. class at age 15 (EGP-08) (collected in W1T2 and W2 only)

? Which of the following categories describes your mother's occupational status when you were 15 years old? (from: scp/2021\_2/Q19m:pmotherocc01[])

? What kind of worker was your mother when you were 15 years old? (from: scp/2021\_2/Q19m\_a:pmotherocc02[])

? What kind of employee was your mother when you were 15 years old? (from: scp/2021\_2/Q19m\_b:pmotherocc03[])

? What kind of civil servant was your mother when you were 15 years old? (from: scp/2021\_2/Q19m\_c:pmotherocc04[])

? What kind of self-employed was your mother when you were 15 years old? (from: scp/2021\_2/Q19m\_d:pmotherocc05[])

? When you were fifteen years old, what was the occupational status of your mother? (from: scp/2021\_2/Q20m:pmoccupation[])

1	[1] [I] Higher Managerial and Professional Workers	317
2	[2] [II] Lower Managerial and Professional Workers	1280
3	[3] [IIIa] Routine Clerical Work	1363
4	[4] [IIIb] Routine Service and Sales Work	797
5	[5] [IVa] Small s.e. with Employees	111
6	[6] [IVb] Small s.e. without Employees	99
7	[7] [V] Manual Supervisors	5
8	[8] [VI] Skilled Manual Workers	403
9	[9] [VIIa] Semi- and Unskilled Manual Workers	648
10	[10] [VIIb] Agricultural Labour	211
11	[11] [IVc] S.e. Farmers	53
-1	[-1] No answer	584
-2	[-2] Does not apply	2475
-3	[-3] Implausible value	822
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17027
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable gives the respondent's mother's occupational class, when the respondent was 15 years old. EGP classes are derived from the Standard International Socio-Economic Index of Occupational Status (ISEI). Technically, the variable is created by scaling the ISCO-88 classification. In addition, it is based on information about whether the occupation has a managerial function, whether a self-employed activity is exercised, and information about the number of subordinates or employees. The EGP Index was documented by Ganzeboom/Treiman in 1996 and revised in 2003. PGMEGP081\_SCP is derived from ISCO-88 scores that themselves are derived from ISCO-08 scores. Because information about mother's company size was not surveyed, information about the number of subordinates or employees was derived from the occupational status. The variable was developed for waves 1 and 2 and is given the suffix "1", as the occupational status of the self-employed was surveyed in a more differentiated way from wave 3 onwards. Source variables: This variable is based on ISCO-08



codes (PGMISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (PMOCCU-PATION) on respondents' mothers' occupation that are not included in the dataset, and on occupational status (PMOTHEROCC01, PMOTHEROCC02, PMOTHEROCC03, PMOTH-EROCC04, PMOTHEROCC05). Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to EGP were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN (Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

### pgfegp081\_scp – Father: occ. class at age 15 (EGP-08) (collected in W1T2 and W2 only)

? Which of the following categories describes your father's occupational status when you were 15 years old? (from: [scp/2021\\_2/Q19v:pfatherocc01\[\]](#))

? What kind of worker was your father when you were 15 years old? (from: [scp/2021\\_2/Q19v\\_a:pfatherocc02\[\]](#))

? What kind of employee was your father when you were 15 years old? (from: [scp/2021\\_2/Q19v\\_b:pfatherocc03\[\]](#))

? What kind of civil servant was your father when you were 15 years old? (from: [scp/2021\\_2/Q19v\\_c:pfatherocc04\[\]](#))

? What kind of self-employed was your father when you were 15 years old? (from: [scp/2021\\_2/Q19v\\_d:pfatherocc05\[\]](#))

? When you were fifteen years old what occupational status did your father hold? (from: [scp/2021\\_2/Q20v:pfoccupation\[\]](#))

1	[1] [I] Higher Managerial and Professional Workers	1109
2	[2] [II] Lower Managerial and Professional Workers	1460
3	[3] [IIIa] Routine Clerical Work	401
4	[4] [IIIb] Routine Service and Sales Work	112
5	[5] [IVa] Small s.e. with Employees	341
6	[6] [IVb] Small s.e. without Employees	186
7	[7] [V] Manual Supervisors	218
8	[8] [VI] Skilled Manual Workers	1651
9	[9] [VIIa] Semi- and Unskilled Manual Workers	959
10	[10] [VIIb] Agricultural Labour	248
11	[11] [IVc] S.e. Farmers	147
-1	[-1] No answer	424
-2	[-2] Does not apply	940
-3	[-3] Implausible value	972
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	17027
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable gives the respondent's father's occupational class when the respondent was 15 years old. EGP classes are derived from the Standard International Socio-Economic Index of Occupational Status (ISEI). Technically, the variable is created by scaling the ISCO-88 classification. In addition, it is based on information about whether the occupation has a managerial function, whether a self-employed activity is exercised, and information about the number

of subordinates or employees. The EGP Index was documented by Ganzeboom/Treiman in 1996 and revised in 2003. PGFEGP081\_SCP is derived from ISCO-88 scores that themselves are derived from ISCO-08 scores. Because information about father's company size was not surveyed, information about the number of employees was derived from the occupational status. The variable was developed for waves 1 and 2 and is given the suffix "1", as the occupational status of the self-employed was surveyed in a more differentiated manner from wave 3 onwards. Source variables: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PGFISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (PFOCCUPATION) on respondents' fathers' occupation that are not included in the dataset, and on occupational status (PFATHEROCC01, PFATHEROCC02, PFATHEROCC03, PFATHEROCC04, PFATHEROCC05). Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to EGP were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN

(Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

### pgiscolj08\_scp – Last Job: occ. class. (ISCO-08)

? What is your current employment situation? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q36:pempstat1[])

? What is your current or most recent position/occupation? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q40:poccupation[])

0	[0] Armed forces occupations	0
100	[100] Commissioned armed forces officers	0
110	[110] Commissioned armed forces officers	12
200	[200] Non-commissioned armed forces officers	0
210	[210] Non-commissioned armed forces officers	3
300	[300] Armed forces occupations, other ranks	0
310	[310] Armed forces occupations, other ranks	16
1000	[1000] Managers	0
1100	[1100] Chief executives, senior officials and legislators	0
1110	[1110] Legislators and senior officials	0
1111	[1111] Legislators	4
1112	[1112] Senior government officials	41
1113	[1113] Traditional chiefs and heads of village	0
1114	[1114] Senior officials of special-interest organizations	5
1120	[1120] Managing directors and chief executives	104
...	(570 rows omitted)	5018
9621	[9621] Messengers, package deliverers and luggage porters	4
9622	[9622] Odd job persons	1
9623	[9623] Meter readers and vending-machine collectors	0
9624	[9624] Water and firewood collectors	0
9629	[9629] Elementary workers not elsewhere classified	5
-1	[-1] No answer	1328
-2	[-2] Does not apply	10176
-3	[-3] Implausible value	299
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0

-10 [-10] Break-off [only CAWI]

11

This variable is designed to provide data on the last occupational activity for all previously employed persons according to the International Standard Classification of Occupations ISCO-08 (Version of the ILO). Respondents enter the answer to the question about their last occupational title in their own words into a blank in the questionnaire. ISCO-08 is a strictly four-digit classification, and this variable is therefore coded in four-digit form. ISCO-08 was adopted through a resolution of a Tripartite Meeting of Experts on Labour Statistics held in December 2007. This resolution was subsequently endorsed by the Governing Body of the ILO in March 2008. Source variable: This variable is based on the plain text information (POCCUPATION) on respondents' last occupation that are not included in the dataset. Sourcelink: <http://www.ilo.org/public/english/bureau/stat/isco/isco08/index.htm>. ISCO-08 codes are provided by infas.

### pgiscolj88\_scp – Last Job: occ. class. (ISCO-88)

? What is your current employment situation? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q36:pempstat1[])

? What is your current or most recent position/occupation? (from: scp/2021\_1/Q40:poccupation[])

0	[0] Armed forces	0
100	[100] Armed forces	0
110	[110] Legislators and senior officials	31
1000	[1000] Legislators, senior officials and managers	0
1100	[1100] Legislators and senior officials	0
1110	[1110] Legislators and senior government officials	4
1120	[1120] Senior (national) government officials (incl. minister, ambassador)	41
1140	[1140] Senior officials of special-interest organisations	5
1141	[1141] Senior officials of political party organisations	0
1142	[1142] Senior officials of employers', workers' and other economic-interest organisations	0
1143	[1143] Senior officials of humanitarian and other special-interest organisations	0
1200	[1200] Corporate managers	0
1210	[1210] Directors and chief executives	104
1220	[1220] Production and operations managers	25
1221	[1221] Production and operations managers in agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	3
...	(486 rows omitted)	4928
9320	[9320] Manufacturing labourers	13
9322	[9322] Handpackers and other manufacturing labourers (incl. crater, labeller9	11
9330	[9330] Transport labourers and freight handlers	0
9331	[9331] Hand or pedal vehicle drivers (incl. rickshaw driver)	0
9333	[9333] Freight handlers (incl. docker, loader, longshoreman, remover, stevedore)	48
-1	[-1] No answer	1328
-2	[-2] Does not apply	10176
-3	[-3] Implausible value	299
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	9168

-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	11

This variable is designed to provide data on the last occupational activity for all formerly employed persons according to the International Standard Classification of Occupations ISCO-88 (Version of the ILO). Respondents enter the answer to the question about their last occupational title in their own words into a blank in the questionnaire. ISCO-88 is a strictly four-digit classification, and this variable is therefore coded in four-digit form. Source variable: This variable is based on ISCO-08 codes (PGISCO08\_SCP) provided by infas, informed by plain text information (POCCUPATION) on respondents' last occupation that are not included in the dataset. Transformation and recoding from ISCO-08 to ISCO-88 were done with the STATA package ISCOGEN (Jann 2019: <http://ideas.repec.org/c/boc/bocode/s458665.html>).

## 7 Income

### pglabgro - Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR

? What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincbrut[])

? How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: - gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security - net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincbrut[])

0	7806
1	4
2	1
3	1
4	1
12	1
20	1
27.43	1
46	1
50	3
60	1
76	1
80	2
85	1
90	1
... (3112 rows omitted)	13503
301792	1
309796	1
345598	1
410900	2
5000000	1

-1	[-1] No answer	3568
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	213
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	740
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	339

This variable contains the current gross labour income without imputations for item-nonresponse.

### pgi1labgro - 1. Imputed Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR [1/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincbrut[])

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: - gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security - net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincbrut[])

0	9575	
1	4	
2	1	
3	1	
3.000000000000003	1	
4	1	
6.000000000000003	2	
10.00000000000001	2	
12	1	
17	2	
20	1	
27.43	1	
33.00000000000001	1	
40	1	
46	1	
... (4244 rows omitted)	16594	
301792	1	
309796	1	
345598	1	
410900	2	
5000000	1	
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0

-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' gross labour income (PGLABGRO) with missing values replaced by the 1st of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006).

Multiple imputation is a technique to deal with missing data in which missing values are replaced by multiple imputed values that are plausible based on a statistical imputation model. These imputed values serve not as an exact estimate of the missing value, but to recreate both relationships between variables and the variance and uncertainty in the data. To analyse the multiply imputed data, the statistical analysis of interest needs to be performed on all imputed versions of the dataset (in this case, 15) separately, and the estimates from these separate analyses are combined into single estimates according to specific combining rules thereafter. Conventional statistics software often includes dedicated solutions for dealing with multiply imputed data, such as the mice package in R (R Core Team, 2023; van Buuren & Groothuis-Oudshoorn, 2011) or the built-in command mi estimate in Stata (StataCorp, 2023).

The imputations in PGI1LABGRO are intended primarily to ease univariate analyses on the whole sample, both cross-sectional and longitudinal, and are based on the assumption that the data are missing at random (MAR). Because it is impossible to cover all relationships in the data with the imputation model, estimates in bivariate and multivariate analyses as well as subgroup analyses may be biased to some extent on a case-by-case basis, as the congeniality principle (Meng, 1994) may be violated. However, all imputed variables in the SCP (individual gross labour income, individual net labour income, household net income, and size of housing unit) were imputed together in an iterative fashion through multiple imputation by chained equations, which means they can be analyzed together in a statistical model if needed. For more complex analyses of the data, users may consider applying multiple imputation by themselves using an imputation model tailored to their specific substantive model of interest.

The imputed gross income consists of the sum of two imputed variables, the net income and the difference between gross and net income. This was done to evade multicollinearity issues in the imputation which arise from the very strong correlation between gross and net income.

Both of these variables were imputed using type-1 predictive mean matching as implemented in the mice package in R. Simply put, this method entails (1) estimating predictive means of the variable to be imputed using a regression model and (2) using these predictive means to match missing with observed values, which serve as donors for the imputations. To deal with the highly skewed distribution of both imputed variables, a log transformation was applied to the variables before imputation, with imputed variables being transformed back to the initial scale after imputation.

Predictor variables in the imputation model cover a broad selection of variables from the survey and additional microgeographic data. Variables from other waves were included as additional predictor variables, with the data being reshaped to the wide format. Predictors for the imputation model were selected through a threshold of  $r=0.2$  in terms of their correlation to the imputed variable and, subsequently, by lasso regression with cross-validated lambda

parameter. For further dimensionality reduction of the predictor space to a maximum of 40 components, partial least squares regression was applied to the selected predictor variables. Meng, X. L. (1994). Multiple-imputation inferences with uncongenial sources of input. *Statistical Science*, 9(4), 538-558.

R Core Team (2023). *R: A Language and Environment for Statistical Computing*. R Foundation for Statistical Computing. <https://www.R-project.org/>

Rubin, D. B. (1987). *Multiple imputation for nonresponse in surveys*. Wiley.

StataCorp (2023). *Stata 18 Multiple-Imputation Reference Manual*. Stata Press.

van Buuren, S., Brand, J. P., Groothuis-Oudshoorn, C. G., & Rubin, D. B. (2006). Fully conditional specification in multivariate imputation. *Journal of Statistical Computation and Simulation*, 76(12), 1049–1064.

van Buuren, S., & Groothuis-Oudshoorn, K. (2011). mice: Multivariate imputation by chained equations in R. *Journal of Statistical Software*, 45(3), 1-67.

## pgi2labgro - 2. Imputed Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR [2/15]

? What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincbrut[])

? How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincbrut[])

0	9550
1	5
2	1
3	1
4	1
12	1
16.2	1
17	1
17.999999999999999	1
20	1
27.43	1
30	2
46	1
50	4
60	1
... (4254 rows omitted)	16617
301792	1
309796	1
345598	1
410900	2
5000000	1
-1 [-1] No answer	0
-2 [-2] Does not apply	0
-3 [-3] Implausible value	0

-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' gross labour income (PGLABGRO) with missing values replaced by the 2nd of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABGRO.

### pgi3labgro - 3. Imputed Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR [3/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincbrut[])

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincbrut[])

0	9568	
1	5	
2	1	
3	1	
4	1	
12	1	
15.99999999999998	1	
17	1	
20	1	
27.43	1	
40	1	
46	1	
50	5	
59.99999999999999	1	
60	1	
... (4283 rows omitted)	16599	
301792	1	
309796	1	
345598	1	
410900	2	
5000000	1	
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0



-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' gross labour income (PGLABGRO) with missing values replaced by the 3rd of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABGRO.

#### pgi4labgro - 4. Imputed Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR [4/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincbrut[]*)

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: - gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security - net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincbrut[]*)

0	9631	
1	6	
2	1	
3	1	
4	1	
8.000000000000006	1	
12	1	
16.000000000000001	1	
17.999999999999999	2	
20	1	
27.43	1	
40	2	
46	1	
50	5	
60	1	
... (4255 rows omitted)	16533	
301792	1	
309796	1	
345598	1	
410900	2	
5000000	1	
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0

-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' gross labour income (PGLABGRO) with missing values replaced by the 4th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABGRO.

### pgi5labgro - 5. Imputed Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR [5/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincbrut[]*)

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: - gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security - net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincbrut[]*)

0	9580
1	4
2	1
3	1
4	1
12	1
15.26	1
17	1
17.999999999999999	1
20	1
24.000000000000001	1
27.43	1
30	1
38.999999999999998	1
40	1
... (4263 rows omitted)	16592
301792	1
309796	1
345598	1
410900	2
5000000	1
-1 [-1] No answer	0
-2 [-2] Does not apply	0
-3 [-3] Implausible value	0
-4 [-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5 [-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6 [-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0

-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' gross labour income (PGLABGRO) with missing values replaced by the 5th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABGRO.

### pgi6labgro - 6. Imputed Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR [6/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabinbrut[])

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabinbrut[])

0		9592
1		7
2		1
3		1
4		1
9.999999999999997		1
12		1
16.000000000000001		3
17		3
17.999999999999999		1
18.82		1
19.999999999999999		1
20		1
27.43		1
28.000000000000003		1
...	(4270 rows omitted)	16573
301792		1
309796		1
345598		1
410900		2
5000000		1
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0

-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' gross labour income (PGLABGRO) with missing values replaced by the 6th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABGRO.

### pgi7labgro - 7. Imputed Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR [7/15]

- ?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance  
 Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabinbrut[]*)
- ?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabinbrut[]*)

0		9591
1		5
2		1
3		1
4		1
12		1
12.58000000000001		1
13.22		1
15.99999999999998		1
16.00000000000001		1
19.99999999999999		1
20		1
27.43		1
40		1
46		1
...	(4324 rows omitted)	16580
301792		1
309796		1
345598		1
410900		2
5000000		1
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0

-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' gross labour income (PGLABGRO) with missing values replaced by the 7th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABGRO.

### pgi8labgro – 8. Imputed Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR [8/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincbrut[]*)

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincbrut[]*)

0		9615
1		4
2		1
3		1
4		1
12		1
17		1
20		1
27.43		1
29.00000000000003		1
40		1
46		2
50		4
60		1
76		1
...	(4242 rows omitted)	16553
301792		1
309796		1
345598		1
410900		2
5000000		1
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0

-10 [-10] Break-off [only CAWI] 0

This variable contains the respondents' gross labour income (PGLABGRO) with missing values replaced by the 8th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABGRO.

### pgi9labgro - 9. Imputed Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR [9/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincbrut[]*)

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincbrut[]*)

0	9599
1	5
2	1
3	1
4	1
8.000000000000006	1
12	1
16.00000000000001	1
17.99999999999999	1
20	1
27.43	1
40	1
46	1
50	4
60	2
... (4302 rows omitted)	16568
301792	1
309796	1
345598	1
410900	2
5000000	1
-1 [-1] No answer	0
-2 [-2] Does not apply	0
-3 [-3] Implausible value	0
-4 [-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5 [-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6 [-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7 [-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8 [-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9 [-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10 [-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' gross labour income (PGLABGRO) with missing values replaced by the 9th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABGRO.

### pgi10labgro - 10. Imputed Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR [10/15]

? What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabinbrut[])

? How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabinbrut[])

0	9577
1	5
2	1
3	1
3.999999999999994	1
4	1
9.000000000000029	1
12	1
12.9999999999998	1
13.22	1
14.00000000000002	1
20	1
27.43	1
35.77999999999993	2
46	1
... (4273 rows omitted)	16593
301792	1
309796	1
345598	1
410900	2
5000000	1
-1 [-1] No answer	0
-2 [-2] Does not apply	0
-3 [-3] Implausible value	0
-4 [-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5 [-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6 [-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7 [-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8 [-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9 [-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10 [-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' gross labour income (PGLABGRO) with missing values replaced by the 10th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABGRO.

### **pgi1labgro** – 11. Imputed Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR [11/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabinbrut[]*)

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabinbrut[]*)

0	9574
1	6
2	1
3	1
4	1
6.000000000000003	1
8.000000000000006	1
12	1
13.22	1
15.000000000000003	1
20	2
27.000000000000001	1
27.43	1
28.000000000000003	1
30.73	1
... (4300 rows omitted)	16595
301792	1
309796	1
345598	1
410900	2
5000000	1
-1 [-1] No answer	0
-2 [-2] Does not apply	0
-3 [-3] Implausible value	0
-4 [-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5 [-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6 [-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7 [-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8 [-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9 [-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10 [-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0



This variable contains the respondents' gross labour income (PGLABGRO) with missing values replaced by the 11th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABGRO.

### pgi12labgro - 12. Imputed Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR [12/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincbrut[])

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: - gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security - net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincbrut[])

0	9563
1	5
2	1
3	1
3.000000000000003	1
3.999999999999994	1
4	1
7.689999999999994	2
12	1
12.580000000000001	1
15.999999999999998	2
16.2	1
17	1
17.000000000000002	2
17.999999999999999	1
... (4318 rows omitted)	16605
301792	1
309796	1
345598	1
410900	2
5000000	1
-1 [-1] No answer	0
-2 [-2] Does not apply	0
-3 [-3] Implausible value	0
-4 [-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5 [-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6 [-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7 [-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8 [-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9 [-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10 [-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' gross labour income (PGLABGRO) with missing values replaced by the 12th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABGRO.

### pgi13labgro - 13. Imputed Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR [13/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincbrut[]*)

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincbrut[]*)

0	9570
1	5
2	1
3	1
3.000000000000003	1
4	1
12	1
16.2	1
17	1
20	2
27.43	1
33.00000000000003	1
40	1
46	1
50	5
... (4260 rows omitted)	16596
301792	1
309796	1
345598	1
410900	2
5000000	1
-1 [-1] No answer	0
-2 [-2] Does not apply	0
-3 [-3] Implausible value	0
-4 [-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5 [-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6 [-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7 [-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8 [-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9 [-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10 [-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' gross labour income (PGLABGRO) with missing values replaced by the 13th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABGRO.

#### pgi14labgro - 14. Imputed Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR [14/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR *(from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincbrut[])*

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: - gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security - net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro *(from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincbrut[])*

0	9561
1	4
2	1
3	1
4	1
9.99999999999988	1
9.99999999999997	1
12	1
12.5800000000001	1
14.0000000000001	1
17	1
17.9999999999999	1
20	1
27.43	1
46	1
... (4291 rows omitted)	16611
301792	1
309796	1
345598	1
410900	2
5000000	1
-1 [-1] No answer	0
-2 [-2] Does not apply	0
-3 [-3] Implausible value	0
-4 [-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5 [-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6 [-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7 [-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8 [-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9 [-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10 [-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' gross labour income (PGLABGRO) with missing values replaced by the 14th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABGRO.

### pgi15labgro - 15. Imputed Current Gross Labour Inc. in EUR [15/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabinbrut[])

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabinbrut[])

0	9601
1	7
2	1
3	1
4	1
9.000000000000029	1
12	1
12.99999999999998	1
17	1
20	1
27.43	1
30.00000000000002	1
40	1
40.00000000000001	1
46	1
... (4295 rows omitted)	16568
301792	1
309796	1
345598	1
410900	2
5000000	1
-1 [-1] No answer	0
-2 [-2] Does not apply	0
-3 [-3] Implausible value	0
-4 [-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5 [-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6 [-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7 [-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8 [-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9 [-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10 [-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' gross labour income (PGLABGRO) with missing values replaced by the 15th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABGRO.

### pgimpgro – Imputation Flag for LABGROxx

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...gross: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincbrut[]*)

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // gross [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincbrut[]*)

0	[0] Not imputed	21335
1	[1] Imputed	4860
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable designates imputations of item-nonresponse in the variable PGLABGRO (current gross labour income).

### pglabnet – Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[]*)

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[]*)

0	7780
1	3
2	2
20	1
25	1

40		1
50		3
60		1
76		1
80		4
85		1
90		1
91		1
99		1
100		6
...	(3267 rows omitted)	14144
225208		1
249491		1
290495		1
290561		1
4900000		1
-1	[-1] No answer	2926
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	237
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	736
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	340

This variable contains the current net labour income without imputations for item-nonresponse.

### pgi1labnet - 1. Imputed Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR [1/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[])

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[])

0	9657
1	3
2	2
20	1
25	1
40	1
49.99999999999982	1
50	6
50.00000000000009	1

60		1
76		1
80		5
85		2
90		1
91		1
...	(3299 rows omitted)	16506
225208		1
249491		1
290495		1
290561		1
4900000		1
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' net labour income (PGLABNET) with missing values replaced by the 1st of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006).

Multiple imputation is a technique to deal with missing data in which missing values are replaced by multiple imputed values that are plausible based on a statistical imputation model. These imputed values serve not as an exact estimate of the missing value, but to recreate both relationships between variables and the variance and uncertainty in the data. To analyse the multiply imputed data, the statistical analysis of interest needs to be performed on all imputed versions of the dataset (in this case, 15) separately, and the estimates from these separate analyses are combined into single estimates according to specific combining rules thereafter. Conventional statistics software often includes dedicated solutions for dealing with multiply imputed data, such as the mice package in R (R Core Team, 2023; van Buuren & Groothuis-Oudshoorn, 2011) or the built-in command mi estimate in Stata (StataCorp, 2023).

The imputations in PGIILABNET are intended primarily to ease univariate analyses on the whole sample, both cross-sectional and longitudinal, and are based on the assumption that the data are missing at random (MAR). Because it is impossible to cover all relationships in the data with the imputation model, estimates in bivariate and multivariate analyses as well as subgroup analyses may be biased to some extent on a case-by-case basis, as the congeniality principle (Meng, 1994) may be violated. However, all imputed variables in the SCP (individual gross labour income, individual net labour income, household net income, and size of housing unit) were imputed together in an iterative fashion through multiple imputation by chained equations, which means they can be analyzed together in a statistical model if needed. For more complex analyses of the data, users may consider applying multiple imputation by themselves using an imputation model tailored to their specific substantive model of interest.

This variable was imputed using type-1 predictive mean matching as implemented in the mice package in R. Simply put, this method entails (1) estimating predictive means of the variable to be imputed using a regression model and (2) using these predictive means to match missing with observed values, which serve as donors for the imputations. To deal with the highly skewed distribution of the imputed variable, a log transformation was applied to the variable before imputation, with the imputed variable being transformed back to the initial scale after imputation.

Predictor variables in the imputation model cover a broad selection of variables from the survey and additional microgeographic data. Variables from other waves were included as additional predictor variables, with the data being reshaped to the wide format. Predictors for the imputation model were selected through a threshold of  $r=0.2$  in terms of their correlation to the imputed variable and, subsequently, by lasso regression with cross-validated lambda parameter. For further dimensionality reduction of the predictor space to a maximum of 40 components, partial least squares regression was applied to the selected predictor variables. Meng, X. L. (1994). Multiple-imputation inferences with uncongenial sources of input. *Statistical Science*, 9(4), 538-558.

R Core Team (2023). *R: A Language and Environment for Statistical Computing*. R Foundation for Statistical Computing. <https://www.R-project.org/>

Rubin, D. B. (1987). *Multiple imputation for nonresponse in surveys*. Wiley.

StataCorp (2023). *Stata 18 Multiple-Imputation Reference Manual*. Stata Press.

van Buuren, S., Brand, J. P., Groothuis-Oudshoorn, C. G., & Rubin, D. B. (2006). Fully conditional specification in multivariate imputation. *Journal of Statistical Computation and Simulation*, 76(12), 1049–1064.

van Buuren, S., & Groothuis-Oudshoorn, K. (2011). mice: Multivariate imputation by chained equations in R. *Journal of Statistical Software*, 45(3), 1-67.

## pgi2labnet - 2. Imputed Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR [2/15]

? What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[])

? How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[])

0	9625
1	4
2	2
20	1
25	1
40	1
50	3
60	1
76	1
80	5
85	1
90	1



91	1
99	1
100	8
... (3298 rows omitted)	16534
225208	1
249491	1
290495	1
290561	1
4900000	1
-1 [-1] No answer	0
-2 [-2] Does not apply	0
-3 [-3] Implausible value	0
-4 [-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5 [-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6 [-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7 [-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8 [-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9 [-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10 [-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' net labour income (PGLABNET) with missing values replaced by the 2nd of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABNET.

### pgi3labnet - 3. Imputed Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR [3/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[])

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: - gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security - net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[])

0	9643
1	4
2	2
20	1
25	1
40	1
46	1
50	4
60	1
76	2
80	5
85	2
90	1

91		1
99		1
...	(3301 rows omitted)	16520
225208		1
249491		1
290495		1
290561		1
4900000		1
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' net labour income (PGLABNET) with missing values replaced by the 3rd of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABNET.

#### pgi4labnet – 4. Imputed Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR [4/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[]*)

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[]*)

0	9721
1	5
2	2
20	1
25	1
40	2
46	1
50	4
60	1
75.99999999999998	1
76	2
80	4
85	2
90	1

91		1
...	(3301 rows omitted)	16441
225208		1
249491		1
290495		1
290561		1
4900000		1
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' net labour income (PGLABNET) with missing values replaced by the 4th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABNET.

#### pgi5labnet - 5. Imputed Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR [5/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[]*)

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[]*)

0	9669
1	3
2	2
20	1
25	1
40	1
46	1
50	4
60	1
76	2
80	4
85	1
90	2
91	1
99	1

...	(3298 rows omitted)	16496
225208		1
249491		1
290495		1
290561		1
4900000		1
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' net labour income (PGLABNET) with missing values replaced by the 5th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABNET.

#### pgi6labnet - 6. Imputed Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR [6/15]

? What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[]*)

? How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[]*)

0	9679
1	6
2	2
20	1
25	1
40	1
46	1
50	3
60	1
76	1
80	4
85	1
90	2
91	2
99	1
...	(3294 rows omitted)
	16484

225208		1
249491		1
290495		1
290561		1
4900000		1
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' net labour income (PGLABNET) with missing values replaced by the 6th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABNET.

#### pgi7labnet - 7. Imputed Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR [7/15]

? What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[])

? How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: - gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security - net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[])

	0	9688
	1	4
	2	2
	20	2
	25	1
	40	1
	46	1
	50	4
	60	1
	76	1
	80	6
	85	1
	90	1
	91	2
98.9999999999982		1
...	(3301 rows omitted)	16474
225208		1

249491		1
290495		1
290561		1
4900000		1
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' net labour income (PGLABNET) with missing values replaced by the 7th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABNET.

#### **pgi8labnet** – 8. Imputed Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR [8/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR *(from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[])*

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro *(from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[])*

0		9691
1		3
2		2
20		2
25		1
40		1
50		3
60		1
76		1
80		4
85		1
90		2
91		1
99		1
100		7
...	(3293 rows omitted)	16469
225208		1
249491		1

290495		1
290561		1
4900000		1
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' net labour income (PGLABNET) with missing values replaced by the 8th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABNET.

#### **pgi9labnet** – 9. Imputed Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR [9/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[]*)

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[]*)

0		9676
1		4
2		2
20		1
25		1
40		1
50		3
60		2
76		1
80		5
85		1
90		1
91		1
99		1
100		7
...	(3298 rows omitted)	16483
225208		1
249491		1
290495		1

290561		1
4900000		1
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' net labour income (PGLABNET) with missing values replaced by the 9th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABNET.

#### pgi10labnet – 10. Imputed Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR [10/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[])

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[])

0	9673
1	4
2	2
20	1
25	1
25.00000000000001	1
40	1
46	1
50	4
60	1
76	1
80	4
85	1
90	2
91	1
... (3297 rows omitted)	16492
225208	1
249491	1
290495	1
290561	1



4900000		1
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' net labour income (PGLABNET) with missing values replaced by the 10th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABNET.

### pgi1labnet - 11. Imputed Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR [11/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

– gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security

– and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[]*)

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[]*)

0	9670
1	5
2	2
20	2
25	1
40	2
50	4
60	1
76	1
79.9999999999973	1
80	4
85	1
90	1
91	1
99	1
... (3289 rows omitted)	16493
225208	1
249491	1
290495	1
290561	1
4900000	1

-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' net labour income (PGLABNET) with missing values replaced by the 11th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABNET.

### pgi12labnet - 12. Imputed Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR [12/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[]*)

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[]*)

0	9684	
1	4	
2	2	
20	2	
25	1	
40	1	
46	1	
49.9999999999973	1	
50	3	
60	1	
76	1	
80	5	
85	2	
90	2	
91	1	
... (3293 rows omitted)	16479	
225208	1	
249491	1	
290495	1	
290561	1	
4900000	1	
-1	[-1] No answer	0

-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' net labour income (PGLABNET) with missing values replaced by the 12th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABNET.

### pgi13labnet - 13. Imputed Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR [13/15]

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[]*)

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[]*)

0	9653	
1	4	
2	2	
20	2	
25	1	
40	1	
46	1	
49.9999999999982	1	
50	5	
60	1	
75.9999999999998	1	
76	1	
80	5	
85	1	
90	1	
... (3300 rows omitted)	16510	
225208	1	
249491	1	
290495	1	
290561	1	
4900000	1	
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0

-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' net labour income (PGLABNET) with missing values replaced by the 13th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABNET.

#### pgi14labnet - 14. Imputed Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR [14/15]

? What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:  
 – gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security  
 – and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[])

? How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: – gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security – net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[])

0	9665	
1	3	
2	2	
20	1	
25	1	
40	1	
50	3	
60	1	
76	1	
80	5	
85	1	
90	1	
91	2	
99	1	
100	7	
... (3290 rows omitted)	16495	
225208	1	
249491	1	
290495	1	
290561	1	
4900000	1	
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0

-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' net labour income (PGLABNET) with missing values replaced by the 14th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABNET.

### pgi15labnet - 15. Imputed Current Net Labour Inc. in EUR [15/15]

? What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[])

? How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: - gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security - net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[])

0	9698	
1	6	
2	2	
20	1	
24.999999999999999	1	
25	2	
40	1	
46	1	
50	5	
60	1	
75.999999999999998	1	
76	1	
80	4	
85	1	
90	1	
... (3296 rows omitted)	16464	
225208	1	
249491	1	
290495	1	
290561	1	
4900000	1	
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0

-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable contains the respondents' net labour income (PGLABNET) with missing values replaced by the 15th of 15 imputations as generated by multiple imputation by chained equations (Rubin, 1987; van Buuren et al., 2006). For more information on the imputations, see PGI1LABNET.

### pgimpnet - Imputation Flag for LABNETxx

**?** What did you earn from your work last month? Please state both:

- gross income, which means income before deduction of taxes and social security
- and net income, which means income after deduction of taxes, social security, and unemployment and health insurance

Last month's earnings ... // ...net: EUR (*from: scp/2021\_1/Q46:plabincnet[]*)

**?** How much did you earn last month? If possible, please specify both: - gross earnings, i.e. wages or salaries before deducting taxes and social security - net earnings, i.e. the amount after deducting taxes and contributions to pension, unemployment and health insurance // net [...] Euro (*from: scp/2021\_2/Q28:plabincnet[]*)

0	[0] Not imputed	21956
1	[1] Imputed	4239
-1	[-1] No answer	0
-2	[-2] Does not apply	0
-3	[-3] Implausible value	0
-4	[-4] Inadmissible multiple response	0
-5	[-5] Not included in this version of the questionnaire	0
-6	[-6] Version of questionnaire with modified filtering	0
-7	[-7] Only available in less restricted edition	0
-8	[-8] Question not part of the survey program this year	0
-9	[-9] Don't want to answer [only CAWI]	0
-10	[-10] Break-off [only CAWI]	0

This variable designates imputations of item-nonresponse in the variable PGLABNET (current net labour income).